Name: _____

Date:_____ Grade:_____

People, Places, & Events of World History

CHAPTER 6 TEST

Congratulations! You have completed the chapter!
Answer the following questions to test your understanding of the material. When you are finished, hand in your test to your teacher. Each answer is worth 2 points.

Match the words with their definitions for numbers 1-14.

1. _____ ***progressive socialism***
2. _____ ***Bolsheviks***
3. _____ ***Central Powers***
4. _____ ***ethnic cleansing***
5. _____ ***apartheid***
6. _____ ***Axis Powers***
7. _____ ***Iron Curtain***
8. _____ ***imperialism***
9. _____ ***Shariah Law***
10. _____ ***genocide***
11. _____ ***"social justice"***
12. _____ ***Soliditary Movement***
13. _____ ***UN Charter***
14. _____ ***internationalism***

(a) World War II military league among Germany, Italy, and Japan

(b) involves distribution of goods to equalize everyone's assets

(c) co-authored by American Communist sympathizer/agent Alger Hiss

(d) radicals who fomented revolution and overthrew the Russian Czar in 1917 to establish Communism

(e) strict racial segregation and discrimination

(f) World War I military league among Germany, Turkey, Bulgaria, and Austria-Hungary

(g) The elimination of an unwanted group from a society, as by genocide or forced migration

(h) the process whereby federal government gradually takes over a nation's social, religious, economic, and media entities

(i) cooperation among nations, leading to a one-world government with jurisdiction over all nations

(j) one nation conquering and controlling other nations

(k) Islamic legal doctrine, at odds with Western jurisprudence (Law).

(l) the guarded wall or boundary established by Communist dictators to prohibit Western influence in the Soviet Union

(m) helped break Communism's grip on Eastern Europe

(n) the deliberate and systamatic destruction of a racial, political, or cultural group

© Copyright 2011, Paradigm Accelerated Curriculum

DUPLICATION BY WRITTEN PERMISSION ONLY.

15. World War I and the Treaty of Versailles peace agreement of 1919 virtually destroyed _____'s ability to wage war or rebuild its economy.

16. On what date did Nazi Germany invade Poland, thereby instigating World War II? _____
    (a) September 20, 1949
    (b) August 6, 1945
    (c) December 7, 1941
    (d) September 1, 1939

17. _____ led the struggle for Indian independence through his "Satagraha Campaigns," for which he was imprisoned from 1922 to 1924.

18. One of the greatest American inventors, _____ invented the light bulb in 1879.

19. On June 28, 1914, a Serbian nationalist assassinated _____ in the city of Sarajevo, Serbia starting the First World War.
    (a) Adolf Hitler
    (b) Francisco Franco
    (c) Winston Churchill
    (d) Archduke Francis Ferdinand

20. What action on December 7, 1941, caused the United States of America to enter World War II?
    _____

21. During World War II, American POWs were forced to march more than 60 miles across the Philippine Islands in what has been called the _____.

22. On August 6, 1945, US President _____ authorized the *Enola Gay* B-29 bomber to drop an atomic bomb on the Japanese city of Hiroshima.

23. In 1929, the United States Stock Market collapsed, ushering in what has been called the "_____."
    (a) Black Tuesday
    (b) Great Depression
    (c) Dust Bowl
    (d) Great Awakening

24. _____ assisted in developing the atomic bomb, developed the formula $E=mc^2$, and was awarded a Nobel Prize for physics in 1921.

25. In 1979, _____ was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize for her work among the unfortunate of this planet.

26. _____ governments ultimately require the silencing of critics and restriction of property ownership, including weapons for self-defence.

27. _____ designed the Model-T Ford car that was manufactured at a price affordable by average Americans.

28. The _____ brothers were bicycle mechanics who invented the first airplane.

29. Guglielmo Marconi was the founder of _____ communication.

© Copyright 2011, Paradigm Accelerated Curriculum

DUPLICATION BY WRITTEN PERMISSION ONLY.

30. Winston Churchill was the Prime Minister of Great Britian during most of (the) _____.
    (a) World War I
    (b) World War II
    (c) Korean Conflict
    (d) Vietnam Conflict

31. In 1961, Soviet cosmonaut _____ became the first human to enter space.

32. The Berlin Wall, which divided the capital city of Berlin, Germany into Communist East and the Capitalist West, was dismantled in _____.

33. _____ is the concept that America holds a unique position in the world.

34. The "New Deal" program implemented by Franklin D. Roosevelt to help the Americans through the _____ was progressive/socialist in nature.

35. In 1977, Bill Gates and Paul Allen founded _____.
    (a) McDonald's
    (b) Pepsi
    (c) Microsoft
    (b) Chick-fil-a

36. In 1950, North Korea invaded South Korea, starting the Korean Conflict which some critics have seen as the first war the US lost, due to fighting under the auspices of the _____ _____.

37. (The) _____ was the USA's longest and bloodiest "war."
    (a) Vietnam Conflict
    (b) World War II
    (c) World War I
    (d) Korean Conflict

38. The World Trade Center in New York City and the Pentagon in Washington, DC were attacked on _____ by Islamic terrorists.

39. On February 24, 1991, the US launched _____, subjecting Iraq to massive missile and bomb attacks.
    (a) Operation Iraqi Freedom
    (b) Operation Desert Storm
    (c) the Israeli Conflict
    (d) the Six-Day War

40. Beginning in the 1930's, _____ was one of the most celebrated singers in the world.
    (a) Elvis Presley
    (b) John Denver
    (c) Michael Jackson
    (d) Bing Crosby

41. _____ became an international pop-music star from the late 1970's and had the best-selling record album ever produced.
    (a) Elvis Presley
    (b) John Denver
    (c) Michael Jackson
    (d) Bing Crosby

© Copyright 2011, Paradigm Accelerated Curriculum

DUPLICATION BY WRITTEN PERMISSION ONLY.

42. In 2004, an ocean floor quake near India caused a massive _____ to crash into coastal villages in Indonesia, Thailand, and Sri Lanka, killing thousands of people.
    (a) mudslide (c) avalanche
    (b) hurricane (d) tsunami

43. On October 4, 1957, mankind entered the Space Age when (the) _____ launched the first artificial satellite, *Sputnik I*, into orbit around the globe.
    (a) USA (c) UK
    (b) USSR (d) Germany

44. In July of 1969, _____ was the first man in history to walk on the moon.

45. Marion Michael Morrison was perhaps the most popular real life folk hero in the United States because of his reputation as a "real American," and was more commonly known as _____.

46. Ronald Reagan was known as "_____" because of his persuasive speeches in support of America's great achievements.

47. Russian Communist leader Nicholai Lenin stated that "a single, world _____ _____ is essential for the final triumph of Socialism."

48. In 1979, Margaret Thatcher became the United Kingdom's first _____ _____.

49. _____ discovered the elements radium and polonium, and was the only person to receive two Nobel Prizes (in chemistry and physics).

50. Billy Graham and Reinhard Bonnke impacted the world through _____.

51. One of America's greatest heroes of World Wars I and II was General _____ _____.

52. Russian political dissident Natan Sharansky, imprisoned on false charges, avowed that security and prosperity are only possible in an atmosphere of _____.

53. *"They that give up essential_____ to obtain a little temporary safety deserve neither liberty nor safety."*

54. *"One who condones _____ is just as guilty as the one who perpetuates it."*

55. *"You must be the _____ you wish to see in the world."*

© Copyright 2011, Paradigm Accelerated Curriculum

DUPLICATION BY WRITTEN PERMISSION ONLY.